# EU INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL SECURITY

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### EU INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL SECURITY CLOSELY RELATED

#### AREAS OF INTEREST:

- FIGHT AGAINST TERRORISM
- CROSS BORDER CRIME
- CYBERSECURITY
- COUNTERING FOREIGN INTERFERENCE (HYBRID THREATS)

COMMON SECURITY AND DEFENCE POLICY TO ADDRESS THREATS AND CHALLENGES

THIS COULD INCLUDE THE USE OF MILITARY AND CIVILIAN MEANS

### WHAT IS THE EU COMMON SECURITY AND DEFENCE POLICY

PART OF CFSP
PROVISIONS SET IN TITLE V, CHAPTER 2, SECTION 2 TEU:

- MAIN GOALS: ARTICLE 42
- MAIN TASKS: ARTICLE 43
- DELEGATION TO MEMBER STATES: ARTICLE 44
- MILITARY CAPABILITIES: ARTICLE 45
- PERMANENT STRUCTURED COOPERATION: ARTICLE
   46

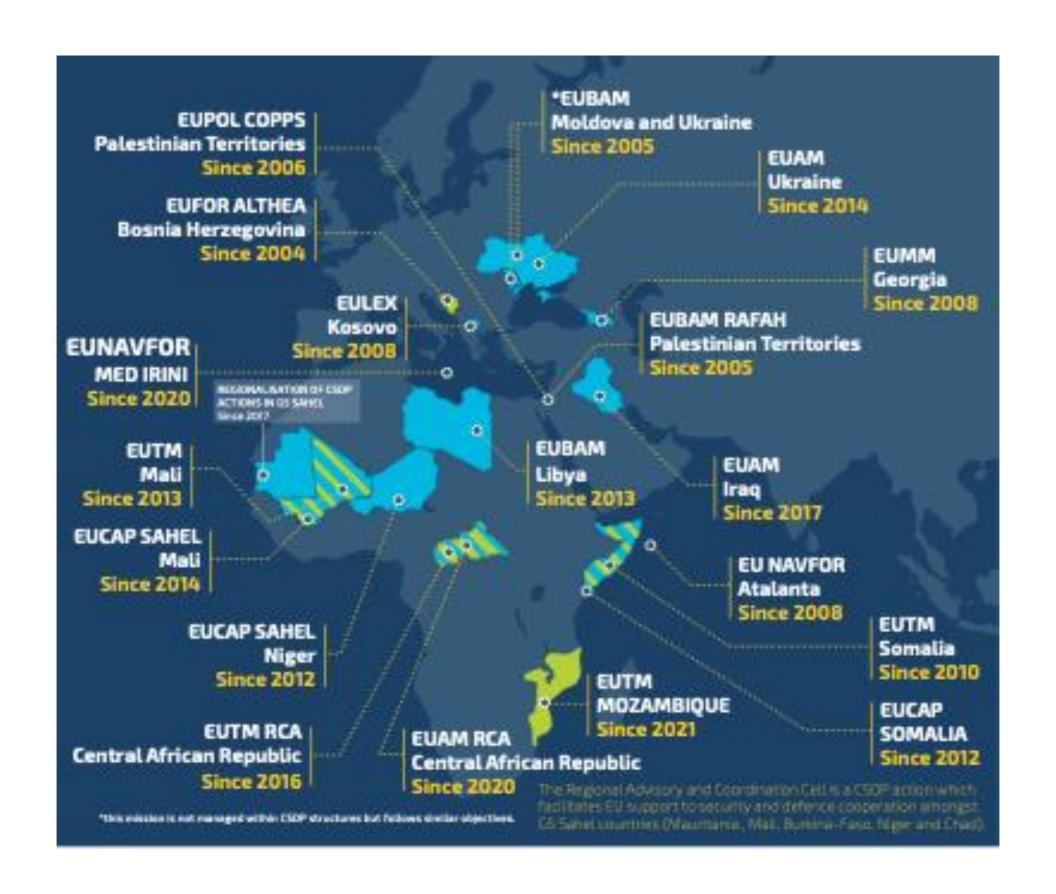
### WHAT SHOULD EUROPEAN DEFENCE MEAN IN PRACTICE

- Military capabilities and the appropriate mechanisms to create them, pool them together and use them
- Decision making mechanisms allowing strategic goals to be identified and the right decisions to pursue them to be taken rapidly
- The political will to act in pursuit of these goals (with all the risks this entails)

#### THE MAIN CHARACTERS OF CSDP:

- Run from Brussels (EEAS)
- Both Military and Civilian
- Armed Forces and Civilian Personnel (Police, Judges etc.) Provided by Member States
- Capabilities Provided by Member States
- Hybrid Financing

#### **CURRENT CSDP MISSIONS AND OPERATIONS**



### RE-LAUNCHING CSDP: THE STRATEGIC COMPASS

- Developing a <u>shared</u> assessment of the strategic environment
- Achieving a greater coherence ad common sense of purpose
- Developing <u>new ways and means</u>
- Setting up targets and milestones

This will be done through: ACTING; SECURING; INVESTING AND PARTNERING

#### **ACTING:**

#### On Missions and Operations:

- More robust and flexible mandates
- Quicker decision-making process
- Greater Financial Solidarity
- Civilian Component reinforced

#### A New Rapid Deployment Capacity:

5000 troops fully operational by 2025

#### Strenghtening Command and Control:

- Enhancing Military Mobility
- Regular Live Exercises (notably for the RDC) and
- Including on Article 42(7) TEU and Article 222 TFEU scenarios

#### SECURING:

- Boost Intelligence capacities
- Create a EU Hybrid Toolbox
- Develop a EU Cyber Defence Policy
- Coordinated Maritime presence
- Space Strategy

#### **INVESTING:**

- Invest more in capabilities (to improve development and planning)
- Make full use of the PESCO and EDF

#### **PARTNERING:**

- Reinforce Strategic partnerships in particular with NATO and UN
- Reinforce cooperation with other International Organisations and third countries (e.g. UK)
- Develop a Security and Defence partnership Forum

## STRATEGIC COMPASS SPECIFIC ENGAGEMENTS ON INTERNAL/EXTERNAL SECURITY:

### 1. GREATER COOPERATION BETWEEN CSDP AND EU JHA ACTORS

#### Agencies involved:

- EUROPOL
- EUROJUST
- CEPOL
- FRONTEX

#### This includes:

- shared situation awareness
- regular consultation and exchanges
- tailored sequential or plug-in deployments

Build on Past Experience In LIBYA, UKRAINE, SAHEL, HORN OF AFRICA

#### 2. FIGHT AGAINST TERRORISM

Use of CSDP Tools Including Civilian Crisis Management

Use of Other JHA Tools

Support of Partner Countries Through:

- DIPLOMATIC ENGAGEMENT AND POLITICAL DIALOGUE
- STABILISATION EFFORTS
- PROGRAMMES FOR PREVENTING AND COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM
- COOPERATION IN THE AREA OF RULE OF LAW
- TACKLING NEW TECHNOLOGIES FOR TERRORISM FINANCING AND DISSEMINATION OF TERRORISM CONTENT ON LINE

### 3. DEVELOPMENT OF A HYBRID TOOLBOX BY 2022

- Provide a Framework for a Coordinated Response to Hybrid Campaigns
- That Would Entail: Preventive, Cooperative, Stability Restrictive and Recovery Measures
- -Creation of a EU Hybrid Rapid Response Team for:
- MEMBER STATES
- CSDP MISSIONS AND OPERATIONS
- PARTNER COUNTRIES

#### 4. CYBER DEFENCE POLICY

- INCREASE IN SITUATION AWARENESS AND STRATEGIC FORESIGHT THROUGH A EU SINGLE INTELLIGENCE CAPACITY
- FURTHER DEVELOP THE EU CYBER DEFENCE POLICY
- A NEW EUROPEAN CYBER RESILIENCE ACT

### EXAMPLES OF NEXUS BETWEEN INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL SECURITY:

#### FAILED STATES:

- BASIS FOR TERRORIST THREATS
- BASIS FOR FOREIGN ATTACKS BY PROXY
- BASIS FOR ORGANISED CRIME AND DRUG TRAFFICKING
- BASIS FOR ILLEGAL MIGRATION AND SMUGGLING OF MIGRANTS

### AREAS TO FURTHER DEVELOP THE EXTERNAL/INTERNAL SECURITY LINK

- GREATER COOPERATION AMONG MEMBERS STATES (WITHIN CSDP AND INDIVIDUALLY), COMMISSION AND JHA AGENCIES
- ENHANCE SYNERGIES AND COHERENCE:
- EU INFORMATION SHARING AND DATABASES
- CRIMINAL JUSTICE
- EXTENDING COMPETENCE OF EPPO TO CROSS-BORDER TERRORIST CRIMES?